



The 100,000 genomes project and beyond

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X-omics festival 2020 Monday April 6 2020 @ Nijmegen-NL

The first human genome sequence





- 26th June 2000 Cost \$3.2 billion
- 100,000 Genomes at Millennium Prices Cost \$320 trillion

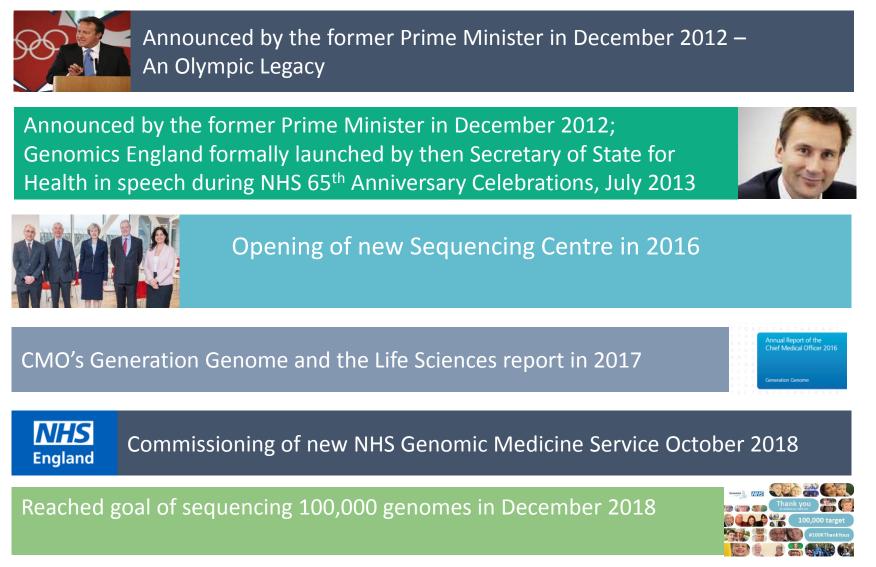
Cost per genome





The 100,000 Genomes Project





07 October 2020

Recommended targets



- 2013 Professor Dame Sally Davies (CMO) established a Strategic Priorities Working Group for the Project - chaired by Professor David Lomas (UCL)
- Recommended rare diseases, certain cancers, and infections
- Areas where they believe the introduction of genomic technology will have the greatest benefit for patient health



100,000 genomes project



Announced end 2012; Genomics England created 2013

- Primarily a treatment project
 - NHS transformation project
- All whole genome sequencing (clinical grade >30x)
 - Rare disease (3 genomes: affected individual and parent)
 - Cancer (2 genomes: normal tissue/tumour tissue)
- Mission
 - Improve Health of individual NHS patients
 - Create legacy of infrastructure, human capacity and capability in NHS
 - Stimulate wealth generation in the Economy
 - Enable large scale genomics research

100,000 genomes project

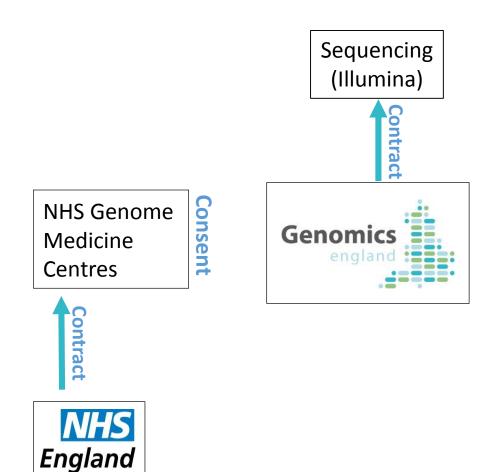


Three phases towards sustainability

- Pilot (2014)
 - Through Biomedical Research Centres
- Main Programme (2015-2018)
 - Through Genome Medicine Centres
- NHS Genome Medicine Service (2018-)
 - Through NHS testing directory: National Genomic Information Service (NGIS); Genome Laboratory Hubs

Result: sustainable framework for genomic medicine embedded in NHS for clinical care and research

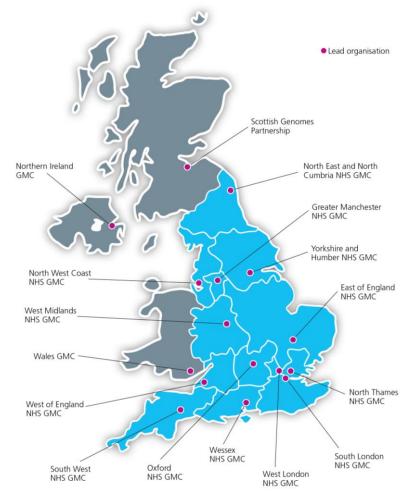
Genomics England - Clinical NHS Firewall Genomics



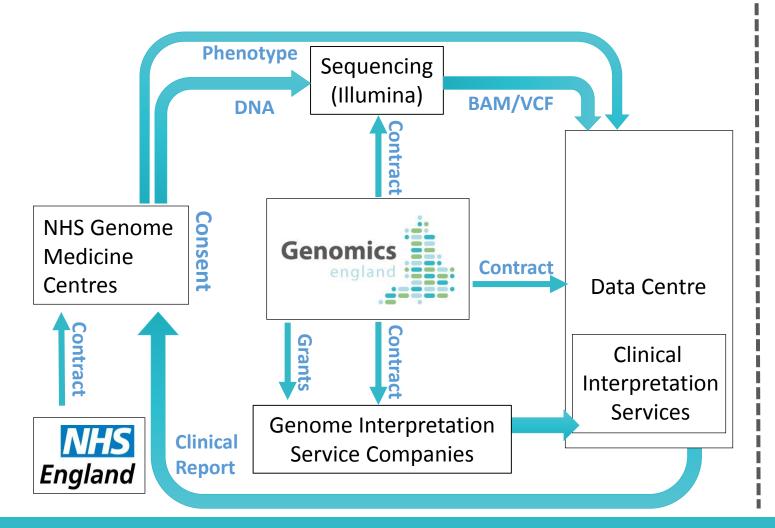
NHS Genomic Medicine Centres



- 13 Genomic Medicine Centres covering England
- Joined by NHS in Scotland, Northern Ireland and Wales
- Responsibilities:
 - identifying and recruiting participants
 - clinical care following results



Genomics England - Clinical NHS Firewall Genomics



What are we telling participants?

- Information about a patient's main condition
- Information about additional 'serious and actionable' conditions (optional)
- Carrier status for non affected parents of children with rare disease (optional)

Main findings

All participants agree to receive results about the main condition for which they were referred

Types of potential feedback to participants

Additional findings

Participants can opt in to receive feedback on a selection of known genetic alterations of high clinical significance

Carrier status

Eligible adults can opt in to find out their carrier status for certain genetic diseases

Image courtesy of Health Education England



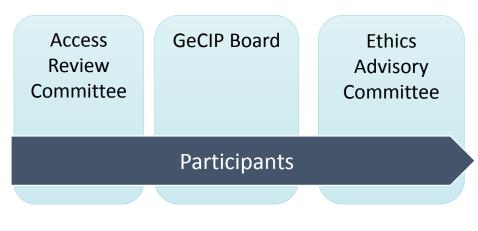


Patient involvement - the National Participant Panel



Role of the Panel is to ensure the interests of participants are always at the centre of the 100,000 Genomes Project. They do this by:

- Making sure experiences of participants are at the heart of the project
- Responding to feedback.
- Overseeing who should have access to participant data









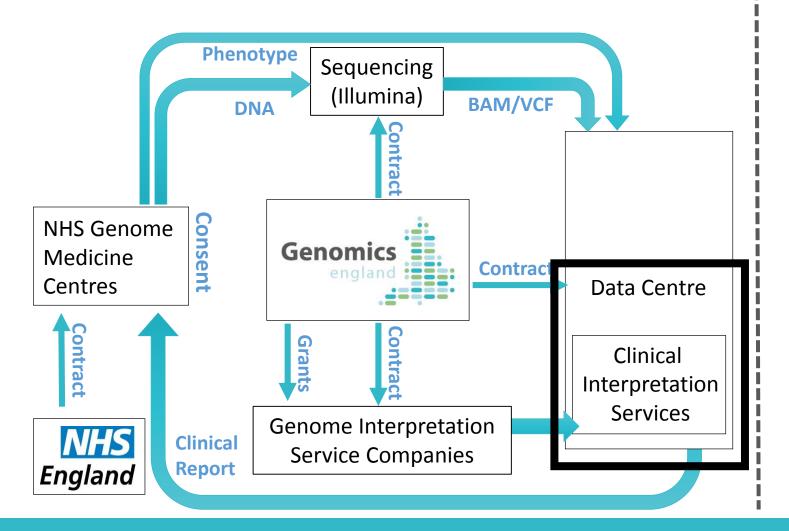
Are you taking part in the 100,000 Genomes Project?



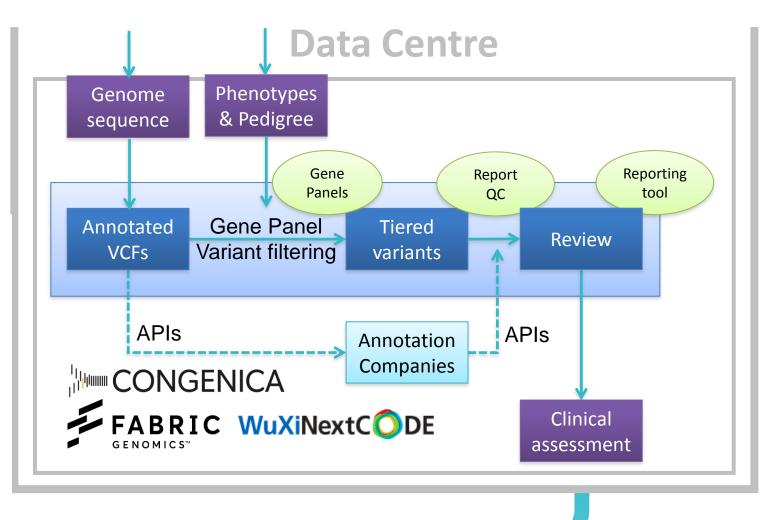
Genomics England is looking for participants to be part of the national 100,000 Genomes Project Participant Panel.

The role of the Panel is to ensure that the interests of participants are always at the centre of the 100,000 Genomes Project. They will make sure that the experiences of participants are improved, respond to feedback and oversee who should have access to participant data.

Genomics England - Clinical NHS Firewall Genomics



Scalable rare disease diagnostics Genomics england



Reporting back to the NHS

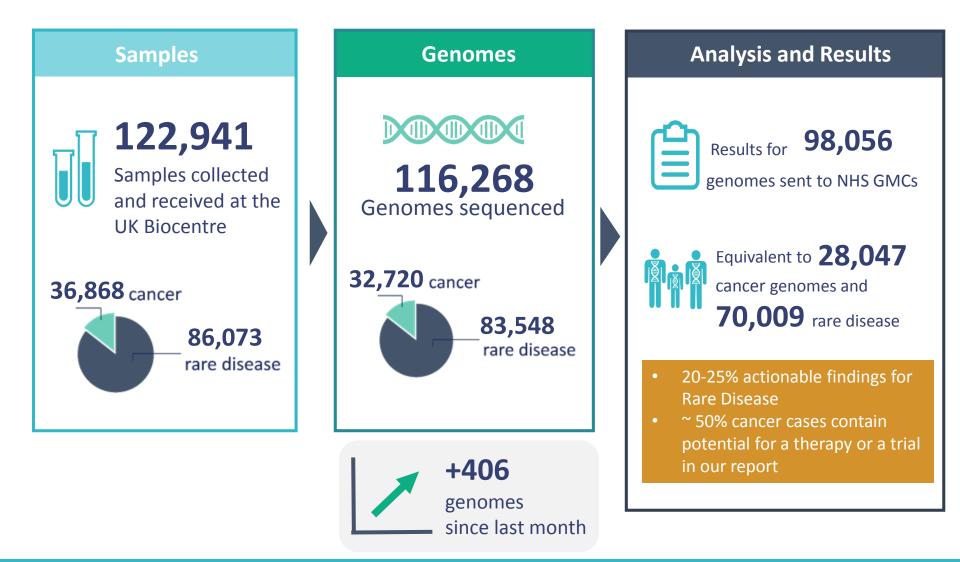


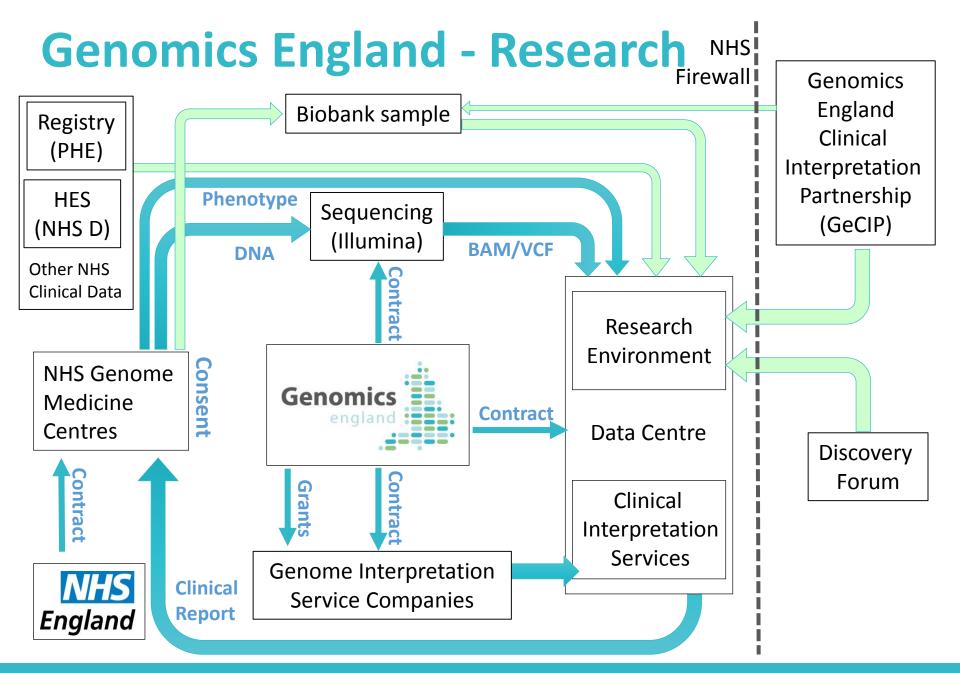
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Progress to date (100,000 Genomes Project)

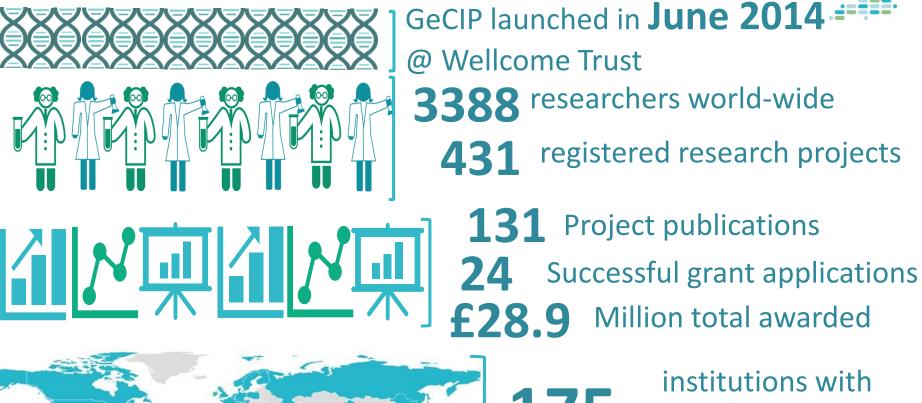


Figures as at 06/09/2019





Genomics England Clinical Interpretation Partnership in numbers (As of 17th July 2020) Genomics



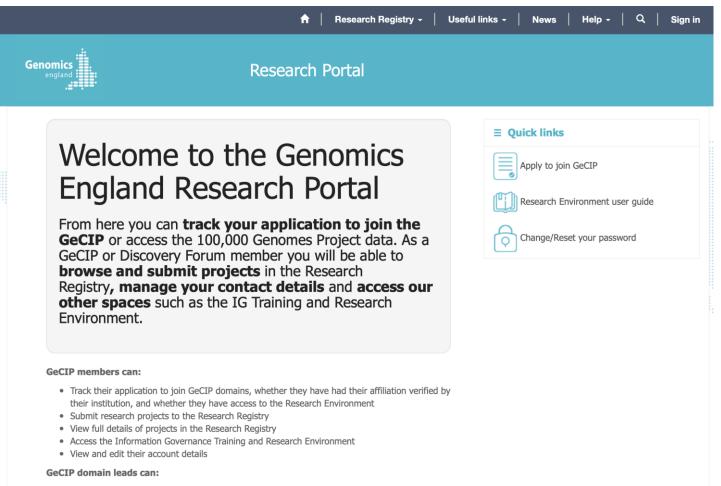
175 institutions with signed Participation Agreement

1089 researchers with access to data

GeCIP Research Portal



https://research.genomicsengland.co.uk



- Manage applications to their GeCIP domain
- See and manage their current domain members

Genomics England Research Environment at a glance



Data and documentation

Genomes (BAM and VCF) in Isilon share







- data release notes
- user guides
- airlock
- live issues

Tools and analysis

Virtual desktop interface provides GUI and security



K



LibreOffice for document editing

R and Rstudio for data analysis



Internet browser: access to whitelisted sites

Command-line tools and HPC cluster for large-scale analysis







neurology

Domain-specific and shared storage for files

Collaboration

Social media platform for communication





Research registry:

- promote collaboration
- enforce publication moratorium

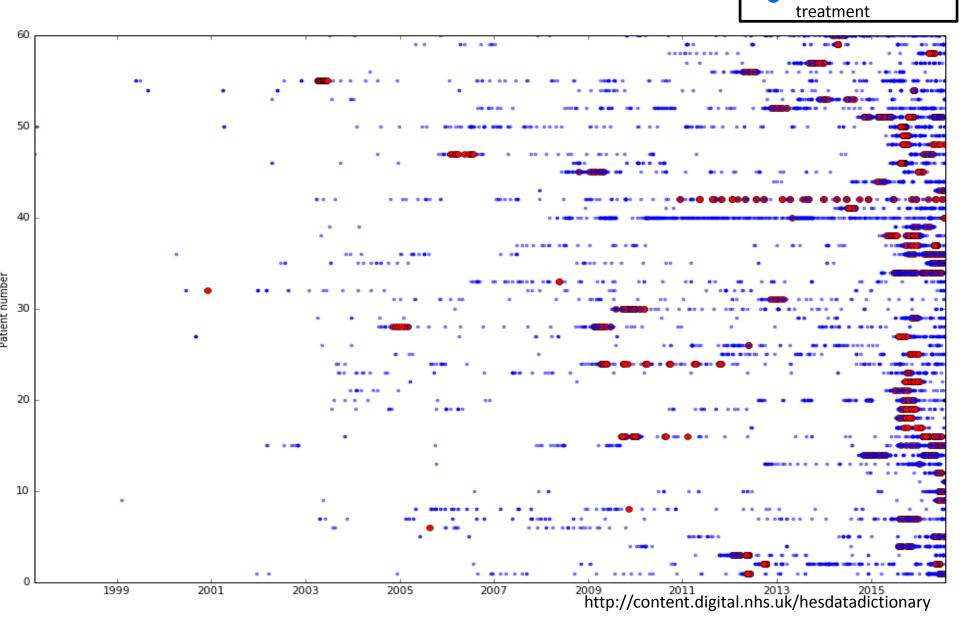
Data in our Research Environment 10th release: September 2020



Genomes	111,232 genomes 37,224 Cancer 74,008 Rare Disease 	Primary clinical data	89,256 participants 17,339 Cancer 71,800 Rare Disease 				
Secondary data	 Hospital Episode Statistics (HES) Patient Reported Outcome Measures (PROMs) Mental Health Services Data Set (MHSDS) Uncurated SACT (chemotherapy) data Office for National Statistics (ONS) – mortality data and cancer flagging COVID-19 diagnosis data for 100,000 Genomes Project participants 						
Clinically interpreted data & QC	 33,827 families with Tier 1, 2 a from interpretation pipeline 20,032 families with GMC exit questionnaires 61,138 tiered and quality check disease genomes; 31,590 qualiticancer genomes 	Qui vie	 Aggregated gVCF dataset <i>de novo</i> variant dataset for 				

Awaiting – Primary Care, Prescribing Data

Hospital Episodes delving deeper 1997-2005• = Cancer
treatmentPrevious treatment, 61 patients care pathways• = Non-Cancer



Opportunities for GeCIPs



- Interpret cases where CIPs (Clinical Interpretation Providers) currently fail
- Develop clinical applications against stored WGS
 - Phamacogenics; Polygenic Risk Scores
- Improved interpretation algorithms
 - machine learning; artificial intelligence
 - using whole genome; predicting variable penetrance
- Experimental investigation of function of variants
 - Is it really the cause? How does it function?

Bioinformatics / Analysis

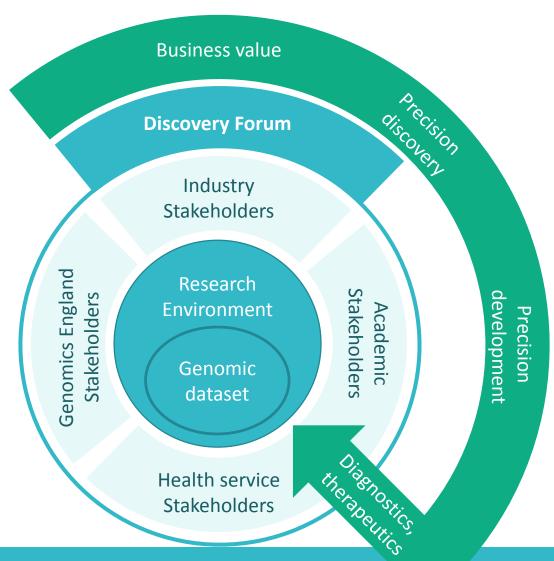


Lots of progress still required

- Better alternatives to current reference genome
 - Graph genomes, incorporating all human haplotypic variation
- Better ways to handle large numbers of WGS, VCF
 - GEL using OpenCGA (Hadoop), Hail (spark)
- Better interpretation algorithms
 - Non coding variants, SVs, CNVs, Variable penetrance etc.
- Better sequencing technology
 - Long reads

The Discovery Forum A driver of translational research





- **Exploring** the business value of genomic medicine data.
- Connecting industry stakeholders to the Genomics England community.
- Providing a gateway to our Research Environment and dataset.
- Leading to discovery and development of precision methods, diagnostics, and therapeutics.

The 100,000 Genomes Project in numbers



Over **100,000** genomes

Over **97,000** patients and family members

21+ Petabytes of data.1 Petabyte of music would take 2,000 years to play on an MP3 player.

13 Genomic Medicine Centres, and**98** NHS Trusts within them were involved in recruiting participants





Over **3,000** researchers and trainees

5 million genomes aspiration announced in October 2018





On the 2nd October, Matt Hancock the Secretary of State for Health and Social Care, announced an ambitious vision for genomic healthcare in the UK...

Expansion of the 100,000 Genomes Project to **one million** whole genomes sequenced by NHSE and UK Biobank in the next five years

From 2019, the NHS will offer whole genome analysis for all seriously ill children with a suspected genetic disorder, including those with cancer. The NHS will also offer the same for all adults suffering from certain rare diseases or hard to treat cancers

,,

An **aspiration to sequence 5 million genomes** in the UK within the next five-year years

The strategic aspiration: 5 million genomes over 5 years aspiration is system wide





- 500,000 whole genomes through the **Genomic Medicine Service**
- Plus up to 1.5 million through other genomic tests
- 500,000 whole genomes through upgrade of UK Biobank sequencing
- Whole genome sequencing of strategic cohorts focusing on unmet needs and long term value to the healthcare system
- Evaluating the benefits of whole genome sequencing of **newborns**
- 1 million+ accelerated detection of disease cohort

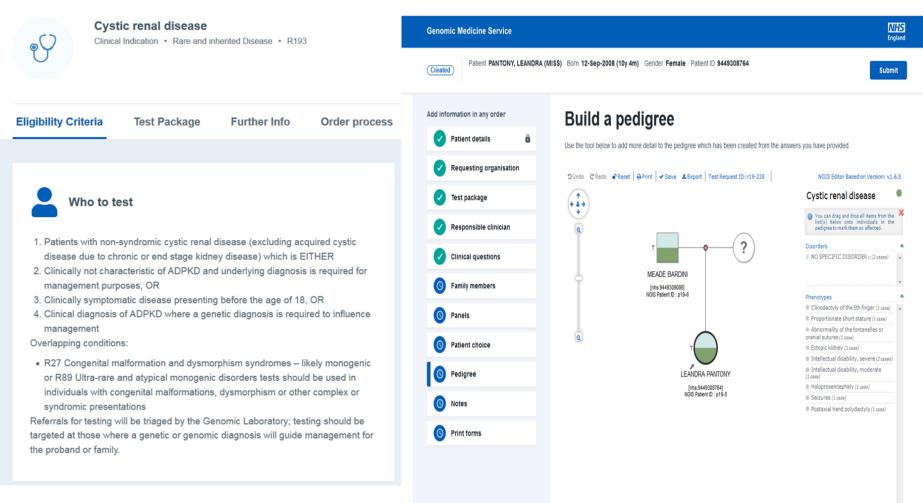
National Genomic Medicine Service



 National Test Directory 300,000 Tests reviewed 25% upgraded to new technologies 22 categories of rare disease 4 cancers planned for WGS Many more edge cases in cancer 	Genomic Medicine Centres providing care (continue till 2021)		National Laboratory Network Genomic Laboratory Hubs - 7 hubs doing single gene, panels, clinical exome		NHS Led Genomics England Lec
	UK Genomics Knowledgebase Informatics architecture & data store	Whole (Sequencin	Genome g Provider	Clinical Interpretation Pipeline	
 Annual Test Directory Review Pharmacogenetics 	Workforce development upskilling of existing staff		Industry/ academic/ international partnerships supporting ongoing research & development through clinical care		
	 500,000 whole genomes set Offered consent for rest Longitudinal Life Course Recall for research International research 	search se		ne next 5 years	

National Genomics Informatics System

Find Patients, explore and order tests





NHS England



Genomics

England

englan

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GenOMLCC - CoG-UK Covid-19 Human Whole Genome Programme

ISARIC-GenOMLCC NHS Framework 70+ Intensive Care Units Severely III COVID-19 Patients -Consented via an app, on admission or deferred consent

Public Health England

Dedicated human sampling or Unused routine samples (EDTA, plasma, serum)

Genomics England Trusted

Research Environment

Identifiable - NHS access only

100,000 Genomes WGS Dataset

Linked whole genomes

•Other omics data

Analytical Tools

Liverpool, Glasgow, & Edinburgh Centres/ NHS GLHs DNA & multi-omics Repository

Sequencing Centre Wellcome Trust £27m Illumina Partnership

Fire wall Individual level data stays in safe haven

Only summary results pass outside For publication



ISARIC/GenOMMIC, National & International academics & industry Extant coalition of 3600 researchers from 33 countries, industry





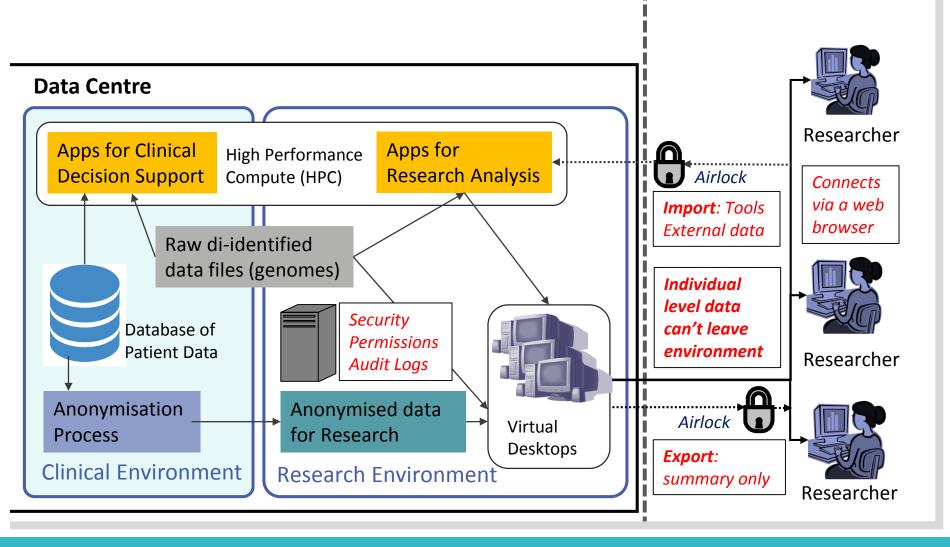
Primary Care Hospital episodes Other registries Mortality data Patient entry

Intensive Care (ICNARC) Registry

Research Environment

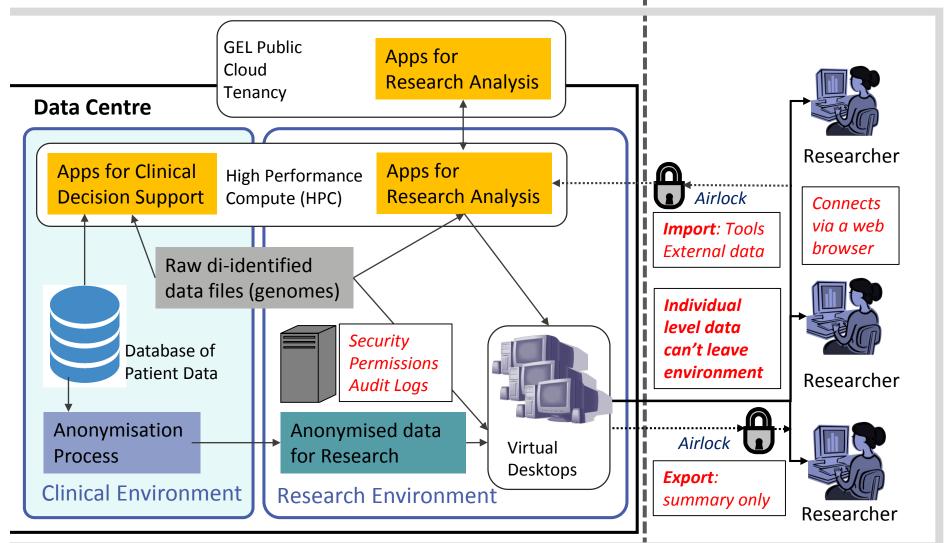


NHS Firewall



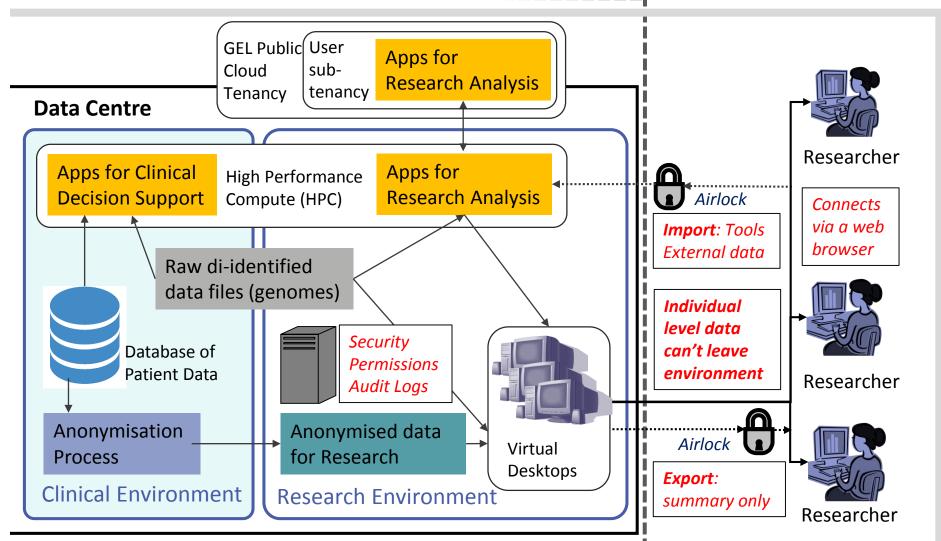
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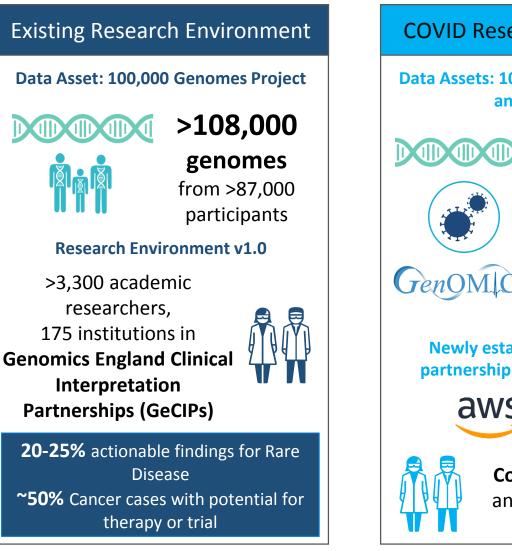
Research Environment





Research Environment evolution





COVID Research Environment

Data Assets: 100,000 Genomes Project and COVID-19

Additional 35,000

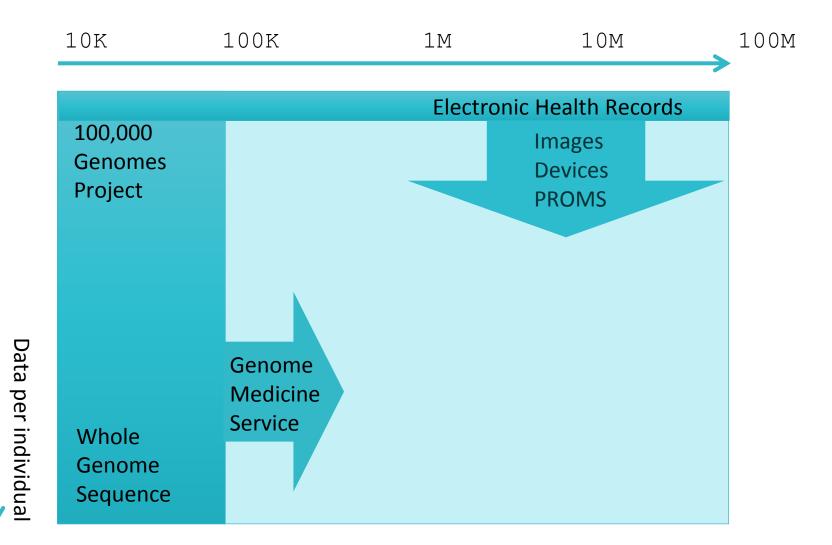
genomes from severe and mildly affected COVID-19 +ve individuals

Newly established COVID-RE in partnership with AWS and Lifebit

> aws lifebit

> > **Collaborative** academic and commercial COVID-**19** Consortium

Expanding health data sets



A new national Institute for health data science



History: Launched in April 2018 with selection of six initial sites

Mission: make game-changing improvements in the health of patients and populations through research and innovation.

How: Apply cutting-edge data science approaches to clinical, biological, genomic and other multi-dimensional health data to address the most pressing health research challenges facing the public

Funding: Medical Research Council, the British Heart Foundation, the National Institute for Health Research, the Economic and Social Research Council, the Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council, Health and Care Research Wales, Health and Social Care Research and Development Division (Public Health Agency, Northern Ireland), Chief Scientist Office of the Scottish Government Health and Social Care Directorates, and Wellcome.

https://www.hdruk.ac.uk/





HDR UK triple aim



Scientific programmes

Integration of data science with biomedical and health science expertise to perform groundbreaking research, with an initial focus on data analytics, precision medicine, 21st century clinical trials and modernising public health.

Training the next generation

To develop novel approaches to research training and mentorship to foster a cadre of health data science researchers, on a substantial scale.

UK wide expert research data services

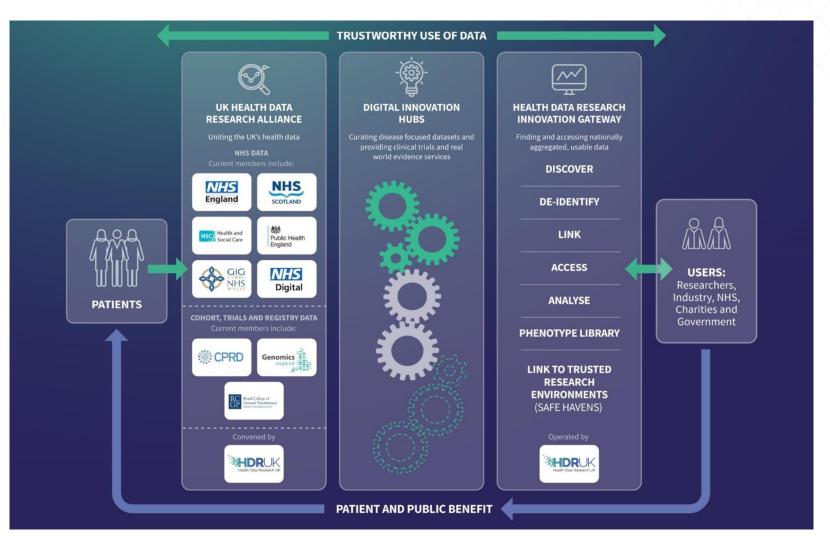
Development and delivery of cuttingedge technologies and trusted research platforms that acquire, store, represent, and process large, multidimensional research data.

Trustworthy use of data

We will work in partnership with the public, funders, social scientists and legal/ethical experts to champion the trustworthy use of data.

Infrastructure: Uniting the UK's health data







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About Members Work News & Events

We are an alliance of leading healthcare and research organisations united to establish best practice for the ethical use of UK health data for research at scale

Find out more

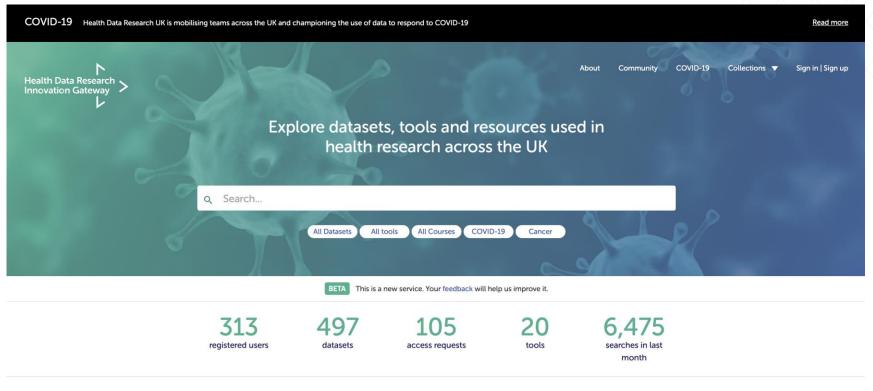
What is the UK Health Data Research Alliance?

By combining expertise and a shared commitment to work collaboratively, the Alliance helps researchers to answer some of the most difficult questions and address the most important health challenges faced in the UK. The Alliance is convened by <u>Health Data</u> <u>Research UK</u>.

https://ukhealthdata.org

Heath Data Research Innovation Gateway





Latest news



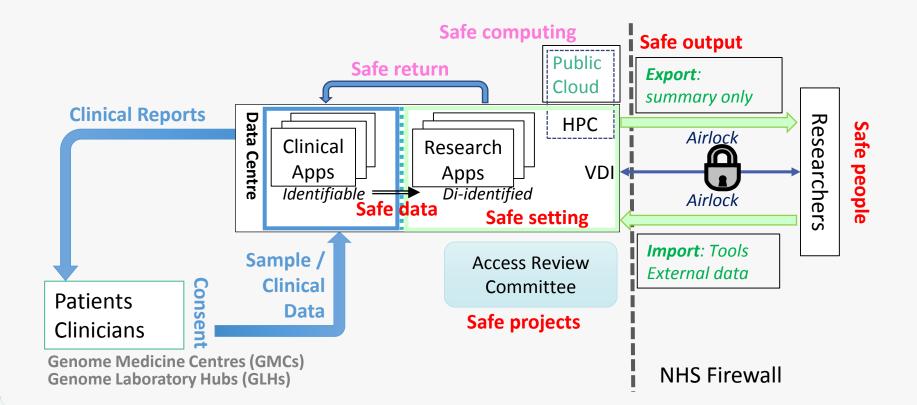
18 Sep 2020 Gateway Open Door - Thursday 25 September



14 Sep 2020 Eight new datasets available on the Gateway

https://www.healthdatagateway.org

Research Environments for 100,000 genomes project as a Trusted Research Environment



HDRUK

Health Data Research UK



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News story

Next steps on the journey to Trusted Research Environments

31 July 2020

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The UK Health Data Research Alliance Board agreed to move beyond the 'Green Paper' phase of the Trusted Research Environment (TRE) programme at its meeting on 23 July 2020.

We are now pleased to publish our <u>updated paper</u> which is the result of a collaborative community effort. There was agreement in the concept and an aspiration to work towards TREs in the future, but also understandable concerns regarding how quickly TREs can meet different researchers' needs.

We are now entering the more detailed design and delivery work set out in the next steps of the paper. The six areas identified for further work cover:

https://ukhealthdata.org/news/next-steps-on-the-journey-to-trusted-research-environments/

Search

Project <u>Aligning approach to Trusted</u> Research Environments

Summary

- 100,000 Genomes Project completed
- 1 million whole genomes in 5 years
 - 500,000 NHS Genome Medicine Service
 - 500,000 UK Biobank Cohort
- GeCIP and Discovery Forum research activity
- COVID response
 - 35,000 whole genomes of affected individuals
 - COVID Research Environment, leveraging public cloud
- Health Data Research UK
 - UK HDR Alliance & Innovation gateway
 - Genomics England Research Environment template for Trusted Research Environments

Acknowledgements

- 100,000 genomes project patients and their families, Genomics England Team, NHS England, Health Education England, Public Health England
- Genomic Medicine Centres in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland, UK CLL Consortium, CRUK, RCPath, NHSE, DoH, Biobank UK, NIHR BioResource Rare Disease, DDD, NIHR Translational Research Collaborative
- Health Data Research UK; Imperial College, London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, King's College London, Queen Mary's University London and University College London; OneLondon
- Wellcome Sanger Institute, European Bioinformatics Institute, King's College London.